

Chapter 11 Drill

Turn to Part IV for answers and explanations.

1. “Supply-side” economics is most closely associated with which American president?
 - (A) Ronald Reagan
 - (B) Richard Nixon
 - (C) Bill Clinton
 - (D) Jimmy Carter
 - (E) Gerald Ford
2. The failed Bay of Pigs Invasion occurred during the administration of which U.S. President?
 - (A) Theodore Roosevelt
 - (B) Franklin Roosevelt
 - (C) John F. Kennedy
 - (D) Dwight D. Eisenhower
 - (E) James Monroe
3. Two policies that aimed to increase government’s role in improving social and economic conditions faced by the poor and working class were the
 - (A) New Freedom and New Deal programs
 - (B) New Frontier and New Freedom programs
 - (C) Square Deal and New Deal programs
 - (D) Square Deal and Great Society Programs
 - (E) New Nationalism and Great Society programs
4. Which of the following was NOT a serious economic issue faced during Jimmy Carter’s presidency?
 - (A) Persistently high unemployment
 - (B) A stock market bubble
 - (C) Slow economic growth
 - (D) High crude oil prices
 - (E) High interest rates
5. “I have here in my hand a list of 205 that were made known to the Secretary of State as being members of the Communist Party and who nevertheless are still working and shaping policy in the State Department.”

The Senator who made this statement during a speech on the Senate floor would go on to chair the House Un-American Activities Committee. In what year did he make these remarks?

 - (A) 1854
 - (B) 1892
 - (C) 1933
 - (D) 1950
 - (E) 1974
6. During the 1940s and 1950s, the population of American suburbs
 - (A) increased greatly, as the birth rate and population increased and as Americans migrated from urban areas to the suburbs
 - (B) increased slightly, as the birth rate and population remained fairly constant, but as Americans migrated from urban areas to the suburbs
 - (C) remained at the same level that it had been prior to World War II
 - (D) decreased slightly, as the birth rate and population increased as Americans migrated from suburbs to urban areas
 - (E) decreased greatly, as the birth rate and population remained fairly constant, but as Americans migrated from urban areas to the suburbs

7. The Eisenhower Doctrine was formulated to provide economic and military aid in response to which of the following concerns?
- (A) The perceived growing influence of the Soviet Union in the Middle East
 - (B) The destabilizing influence of the Korean War in Asia
 - (C) The decisive military defeat of Israel, Great Britain, and France during the Suez Crisis
 - (D) The threat of invasion of Western Europe by the Warsaw Pact nations
 - (E) The danger posed by Communist political infiltration of war-torn Europe
8. “I think it will be a safer world and a better world if we have a strong, healthy United States, Europe, Soviet Union, China, Japan, each balancing the other, not playing one against the other, an even balance.”
- The quote above is by what president in regard to his policy of *détente*?
- (A) Ronald Reagan
 - (B) Harry Truman
 - (C) Richard Nixon
 - (D) Dwight Eisenhower
 - (E) Lyndon Johnson
9. Which of the following DOES NOT correctly pair a president with a foreign policy crisis that occurred during his administration?
- (A) Eisenhower, Suez Crisis
 - (B) Lyndon Johnson, Gulf of Tonkin Incident
 - (C) John Adams, XYZ Affair
 - (D) William McKinley, the sinking of the U.S.S. Maine
 - (E) Bill Clinton, the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait
10. Based upon the methods Martin Luther King, Jr. encouraged civil rights activists to adopt, with which of the following statements would he most likely agree?
- (A) Complete separation of the races is the only possible solution to the question of racial conflict.
 - (B) Slow, consistent progress toward economic and educational equality will prepare the civil rights movement to demand greater political equality at a later time.
 - (C) Nonviolent pursuit of the immediate end of segregation represents the best course for achieving lasting racial equality.
 - (D) Political activism can never achieve the aims of the civil rights movement without the use of force.
 - (E) In the face of violent opposition to nonviolent protest, the most reasonable course of action is to accept segregation.